Global Positioning Statement™

Canterbury Consulting ("CCI") is an SEC registered Investment Adviser. Information pertaining to CCI's advisory operations, services, and fees is set forth in CCI's current Form ADV Part 2 (Brochure), a copy of which is available upon request and at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov. Information provided through CCI's Quarterly Outlook related to market or asset class performance figures is believed to be derived from reliable sources. However, CCI assumes no responsibility for their content or the manner in which the viewer utilizes such information. The performance information presented in certain charts or tables is for informational purpose only and represents historical performance based on available market data results for the quarterly period shown above and does not reflect any performance related to trading in actual accounts. Any recommendations or statement made in the Quarterly Outlook is not to be construed as specific investment advice. The viewer should be aware of the inherent limitations of data derived from the retroactive application of historical data developed with the benefit of hindsight and that actual results may differ. Actual performance with client accounts would be materially less than the stated performance results for the same period when including the deduction of advisory fees, brokerage or other commissions, and any other expenses that a client would have paid.

Markets Pose Mixed Returns

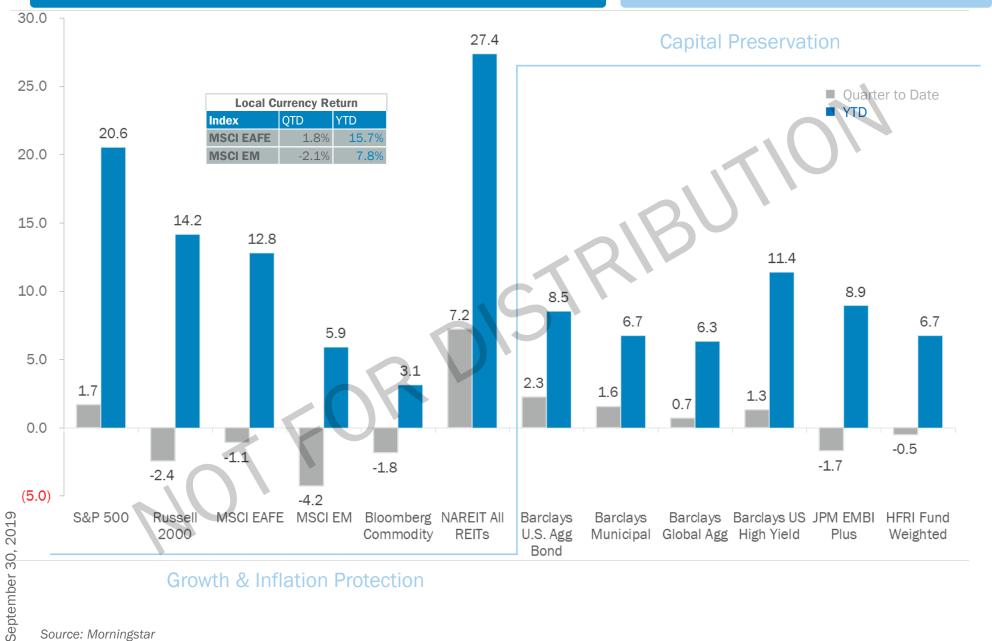
- Shares in U.S. equity markets fell in early August then edged higher into mid-September to end the quarter in positive territory. Slowdown concerns and continued uncertainty over the U.S.-China trade war have impacted the region. However, the Fed cut rates twice during the quarter and suggested it was prepared to move aggressively if the U.S. economy showed additional signs of weakening.
- International equities advanced in the quarter in their local currencies, but fell slightly for U.S. investors, given the strong dollar headwind. European economies, particularly Germany, have been experiencing a slowdown as escalating trade tensions between the U.S. and China have impacted the region, and a decline in world trade volumes has weighed on growth. Emerging market shares lagged their developed markets counterparts during the quarter.
- As the Fed cut interest rates in July and September, U.S. Treasury bonds delivered positive returns during the quarter. Global growth concerns have created a large bid for government bonds, not only in the U.S., but also in other developed economies. Further stimulus from the European Central Bank resulted in local bond yields moving further into negative territory. Negative-yielding debt represents approximately \$17 trillion of the global bond market as of quarter end.
- Both investment grade and high yield corporate bonds generally performed well in the third quarter as investors sought incremental yield. Higher quality corporate credit outperformed lower quality corporate credit, and CCC-rated debt posted negative returns. Investors have tended to avoid the CCC space, given the deteriorating fundamentals of underlying companies.
- Oil markets fluctuated, but moved lower during the quarter as investors assessed the lack of global growth and demand. While geopolitical issues in Saudi Arabia and Venezuela affected oil supply, the lack of optimism over a U.S.-China trade deal had a significant impact on prices.

Returns through September 30, 2019

Index	QTD	YTD	1 Year
Growth MSCI ACWI	(0.03%)	16.2%	1.4%
Capital Preservation Barclays Global Aggregate	0.7%	6.3%	7.6%
Inflation Protection Morningstar U.S. Real Asset*	0.9%	8.4%	0.9%

*40% TIPS, 30% L/S Commodity, 15% REITs, 10% Global Nat. Resources, 5% MLPs





Growth & Inflation Protection

Source: Morningstar



September 30, 2019

Year over Year Statistics¹

	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2016	September 29, 2017	September 28, 2018	September 30, 2019
S&P 500	1,972.29	1,920.03	2,168.27	2,519.36	2,913.98	2,976.74
S&P 500 EPS	112.53	110.47	106.00	119.12	151.18	152.04
P/E of S&P 500	17.53	17.38	20.45	21.15	19.27	19.58
P/E of MSCI EAFE	17.32	18.50	23.27	19.21	15.53	16.65
P/E of MSCI EM	12.65	12.16	16.29	15.03	12.50	13.32
S&P 500 Earnings Yield	5.71	5.75	4.89	4.73	5.19	5.11
Fed Funds Effective Rate	0.09	0.14	0.40	1.15	1.95	2.04
3 Month LIBOR	0.24	0.33	0.85	1.33	2.40	2.09
10 Year Treasury Yield	2.49	2.04	1.59	2.33	3.06	1.66
30 Year Mortgage Rate	4.12	3.84	3.34	3.80	4.57	3.72
Barclays U.S. Agg Yield	3.10	3.42	2.84	3.16	4.07	2.91
Barclays HY Spread	4.24	6.30	4.80	3.47	3.16	3.73
Gold (\$/oz)	1,208.15	1,115.09	1,315.87	1,279.75	1,190.88	1,472.49
WTI Crude Oil (\$/bbl)	91.16	45.09	48.24	51.67	73.25	54.07
Unemployment Rate	5.90	5.00	5.00	4.20	3.70	3.50
Headline CPI ²	1.70	0.00	1.50	2.20	2.30	1.70
VIX Index	16.31	24.50	13.29	9.51	12.12	16.24

Forward Looking Forecasts

	Real GDP ³	CPI ³	Unemployment ³	10-Yr Treasury ³
2019	2.3%	1.8%	3.7%	1.7%
2020	1.7%	2.0%	3.8%	2.0%

S&P 500 EPS ⁴	Forward P/E ⁴
\$170.48	17.46
\$181.70	16.38

MSCI EAFE EPS ⁴	Forward P/E ⁴
\$133.78	14.12
\$140.99	13.40

MSCI EM EPS ⁴	Forward P/E ⁴
\$79.95	12.52
\$87.13	11.49

- (1) Source: Bloomberg
- (2) Values are carried forward from the most recent reported value (9/30/2019)
- (3) Forecasts are consensus opinions from 98 forecasting agencies (Median)
- (4) Index Forecasts Forward 12-month estimate, Forward 24-month estimate

 Estimate calculated from quarter end (i.e. Sep. 30, 2019 Sep. 30, 2020). Price in P/E ratio static as of quarter end.

September 30, 2019

Current U.S. Economic Conditions: Normal Growth/Contraction

Contraction

U.S. GDP Growth: Below average growth

U.S. Earnings Yield: Below average earnings yield

U.S. Credit Markets

Volatility (VIX)

Yield Curve

Investor Sentiment: Below average sentiment

Normal Growth

U.S. GDP Growth

U.S. Earnings Yield

U.S. Credit Markets: Spreads below average

Volatility (VIX): Below average volatility

Yield Curve

Investor Sentiment

Panic

U.S. GDP Growth

U.S. Earnings Yield

U.S. Credit Markets

Volatility (VIX)

Yield Curve: Significantly below average spread

Investor Sentiment

Manic Growth

U.S. GDP Growth

U.S. Earnings Yield

U.S. Credit Markets

Volatility (VIX)

Yield Curve

Investor Sentiment

Metrics	Quarter avg.	10-year avg.
U.S. GDP Growth: Prior quarter U.S. Real GDP versus the 10 year U.S. Real GDP average	2.0%*	2.3%
U.S. Earnings Yield : Quarter avg. S&P 500 earnings yield versus the 10 year S&P 500 earnings yield average	5.2%	5.7%
U.S. Credit Markets: Quarter avg. Barclays US Corporate HY Average OAS versus the 10 year average	379	492
Volatility (VIX): Quarter avg. VIX average versus the 10 year VIX average	17.1	17.5
Yield Curve: Quarter avg. 30-year yield minus the quarter avg. 2-year yield versus the 10 year average	53 bps	228 bps
Investor Sentiment : Quarterly Sentiment spread versus the 10 year average spread. Spread measured by difference between Bull Sentiment Index and Bear Sentiment Index.	-6.8	5.2



International Equity & U.S. Equity

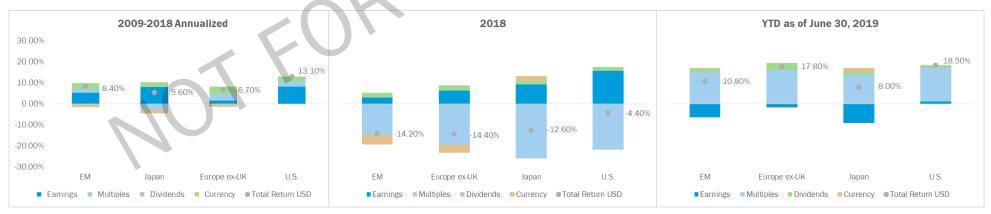
- International and U.S. equities have historically alternated periods of leadership, but over longer time horizons, returns have evened out.
- In shorter periods, such as 2018 and YTD 2019 as of June 30, 2019, multiple expansion and contraction can drive the bulk of performance.
- Over full market cycles, earnings and dividends tend to drive performance across international and U.S. equity categories.
- Current earnings and dividend yield data favor non-U.S. equities.

Years	MSCI EAFE	S&P 500
1970 - 1989	16.3%	11.6%
1990 - 2001	2.7%	12.9%
2002 - 2007	14.8%	6.1%
2008 - 2018	0.9%	7.3%
1970 - 2018	9.1%	10.3%

Index	Earnings Yield	Dividend Yield
S&P 500	5.17%	1.91%
MSCI EAFE	6.19%	3.53%
MSCI EM	7.25%	2.74%

Source: Bloomberg, as of 6/30/2019

Sources: S&P, MSCI



Sources: FactSet, MSCI, S&P, J.P. Morgan Asset Management





